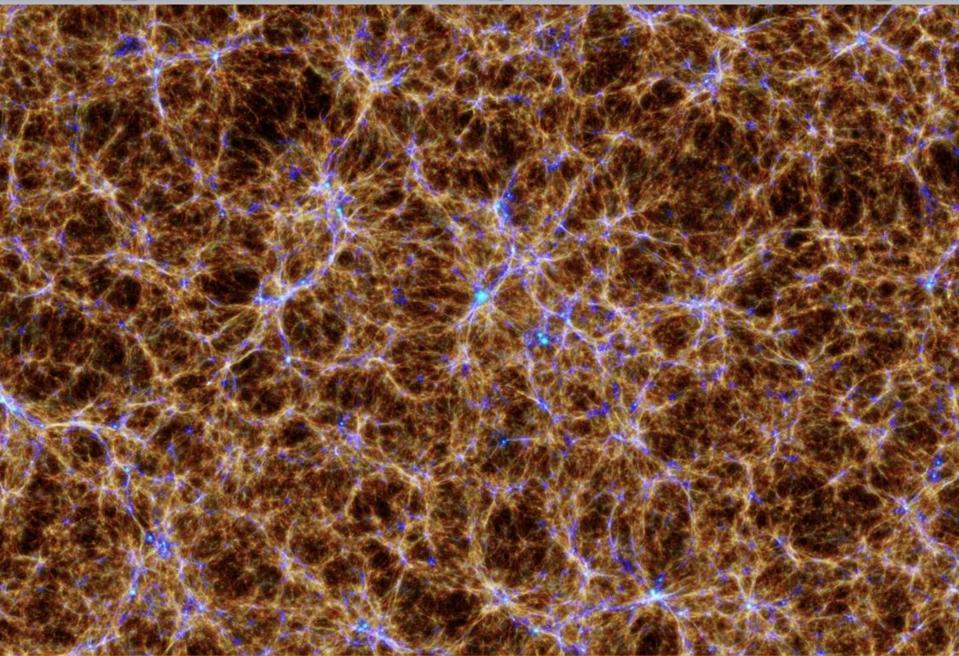
What does it mean to understand galaxy evolution ?

A naive, biased and simplistic view from an "outsider" to trigger some discussion ...

Listening at your own risk

Chapter I: Do simple models help ?



Chapter I: Do simple models help?

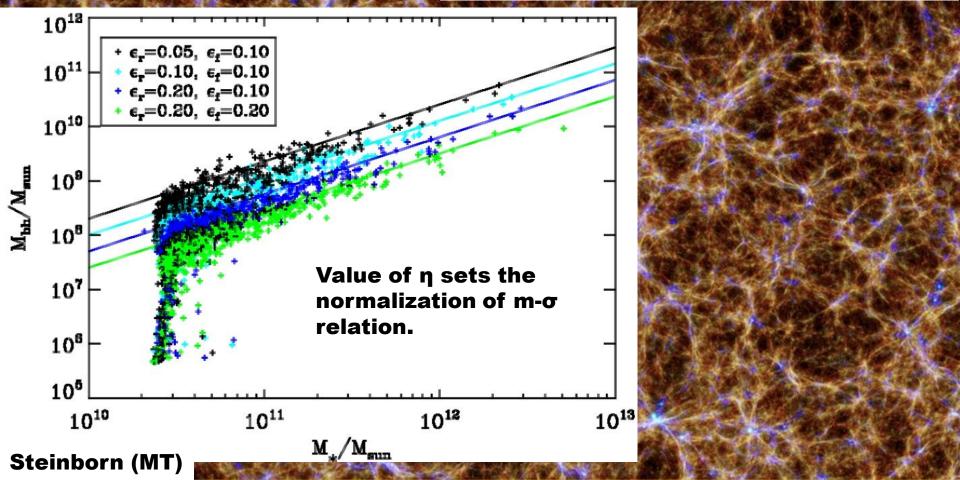
Churazov et al 2005: Black hole mass needed for feedback (η =0.1) compensating cooling in massive ellipticals.

$$M_{\rm BH} \approx \frac{\eta}{\delta_E} \frac{\sigma^4 f_{gas}^{3/2} \Lambda(T)^{1/2} \sigma_T}{2\sqrt{3}\pi^{3/2} c G^{5/2} m_p^2 t^{1/2}} \approx 4 \times 10^8 \left(\frac{\delta_E}{10^{-5}}\right)^{-1} \sigma_{200}^4 t_9^{-1/2} \Lambda_{23}^{1/2} M_{\odot}$$

Chapter I: Do simple models help?

Churazov et al 2005: Black hole mass needed for feedback (η =0.1) compensating cooling in massive ellipticals.

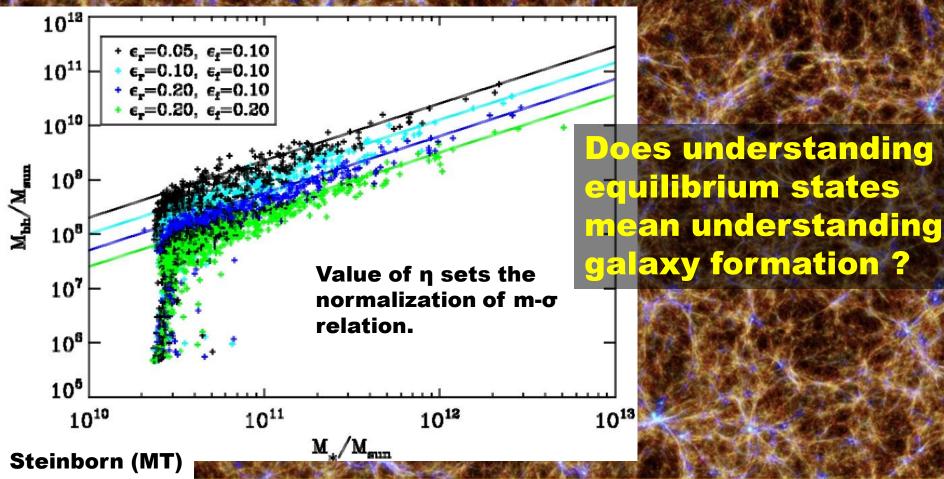
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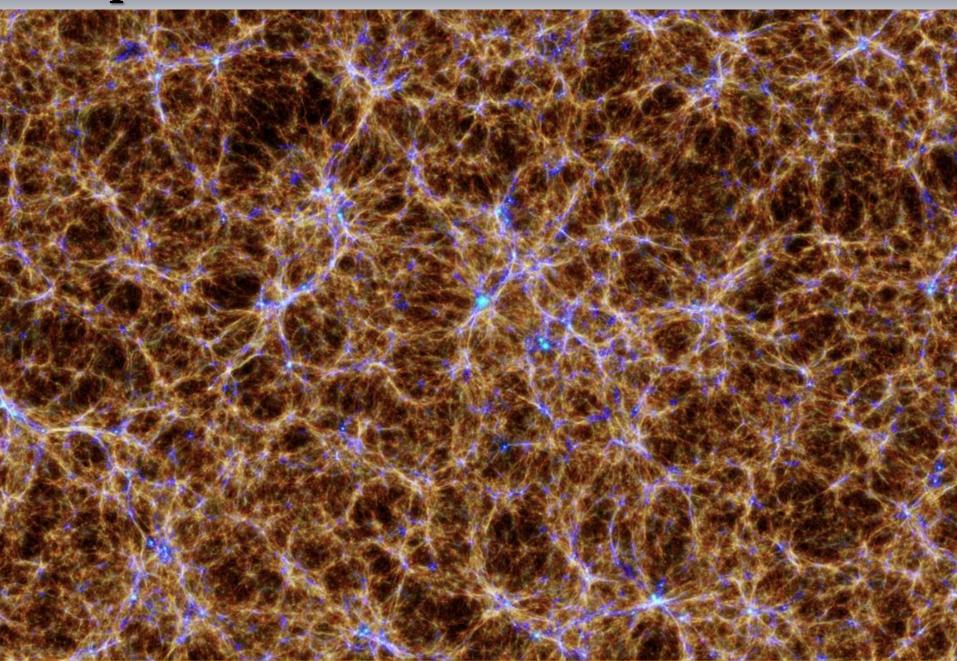


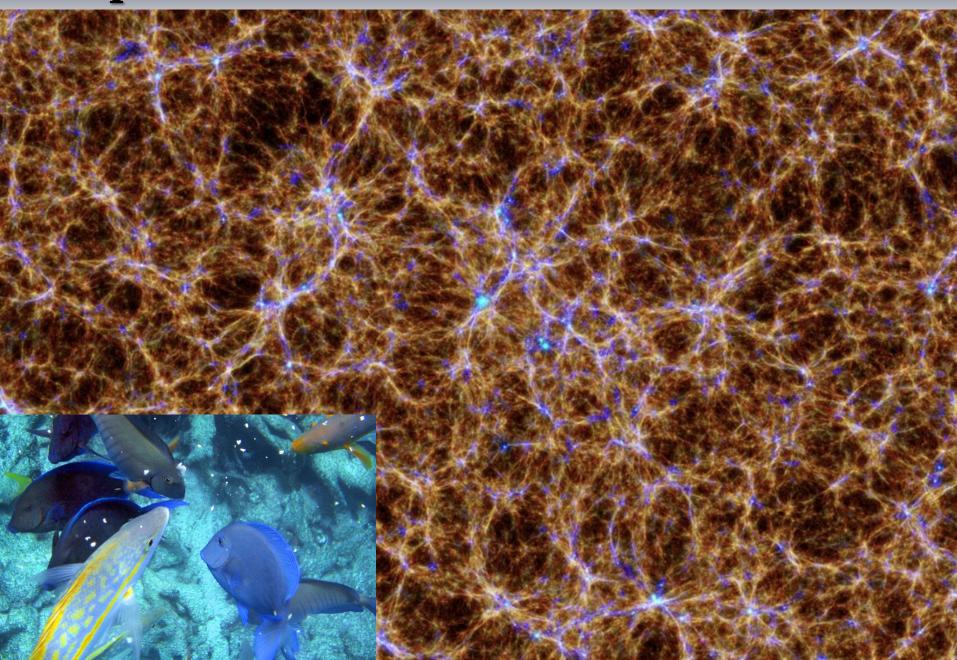
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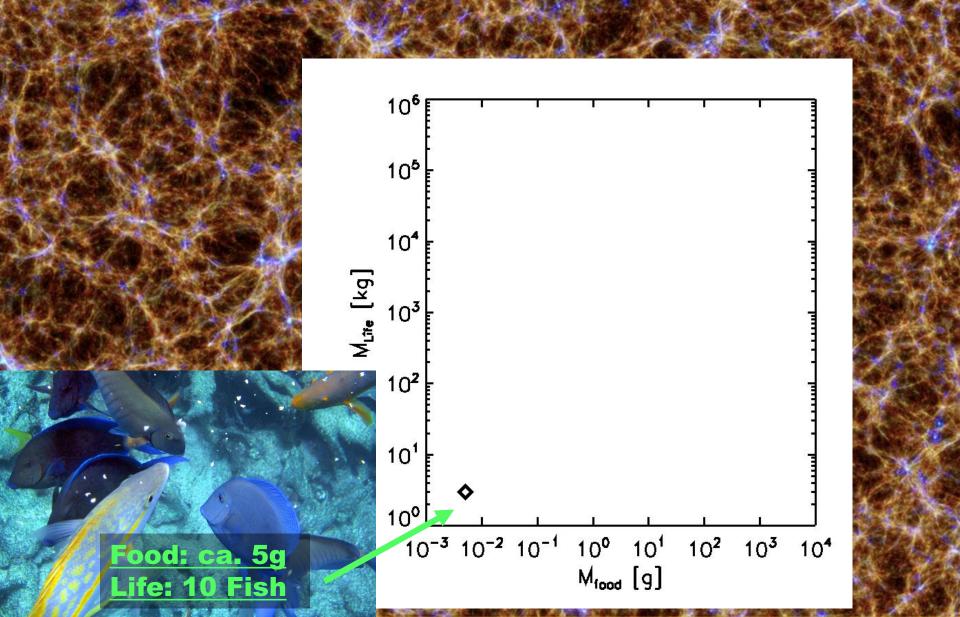
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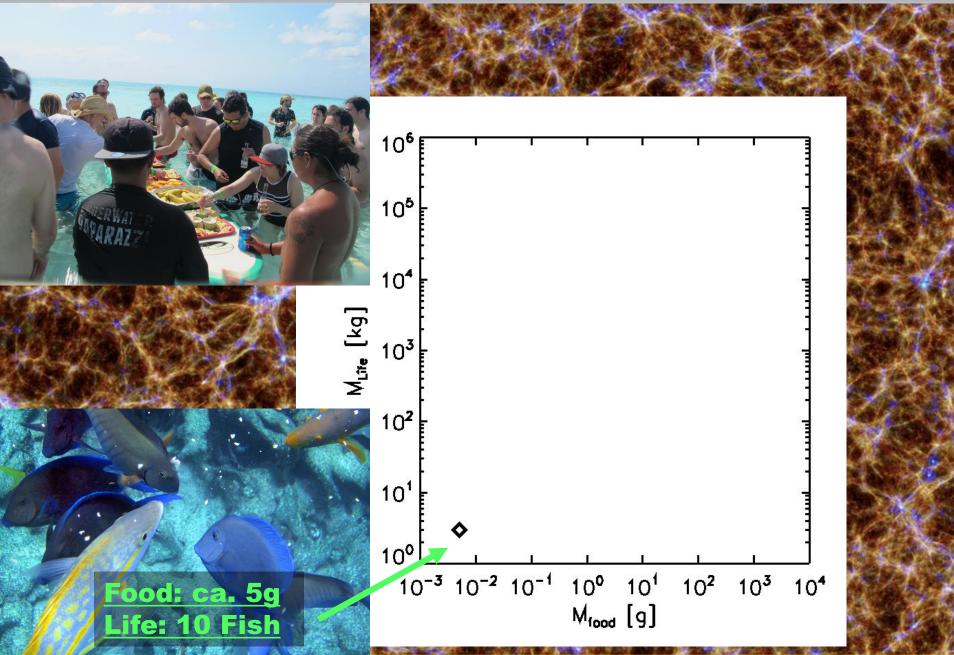


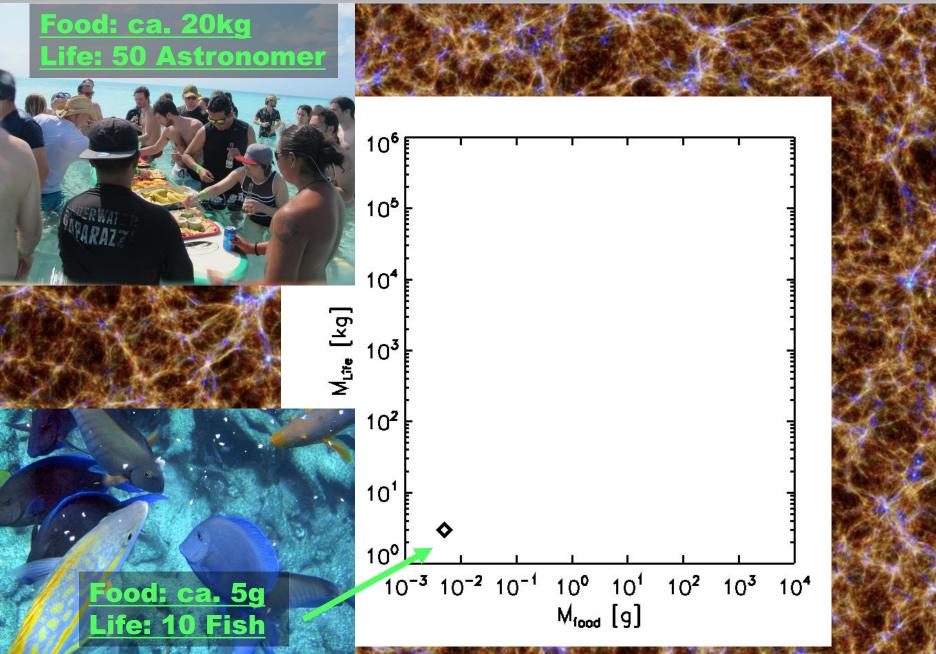


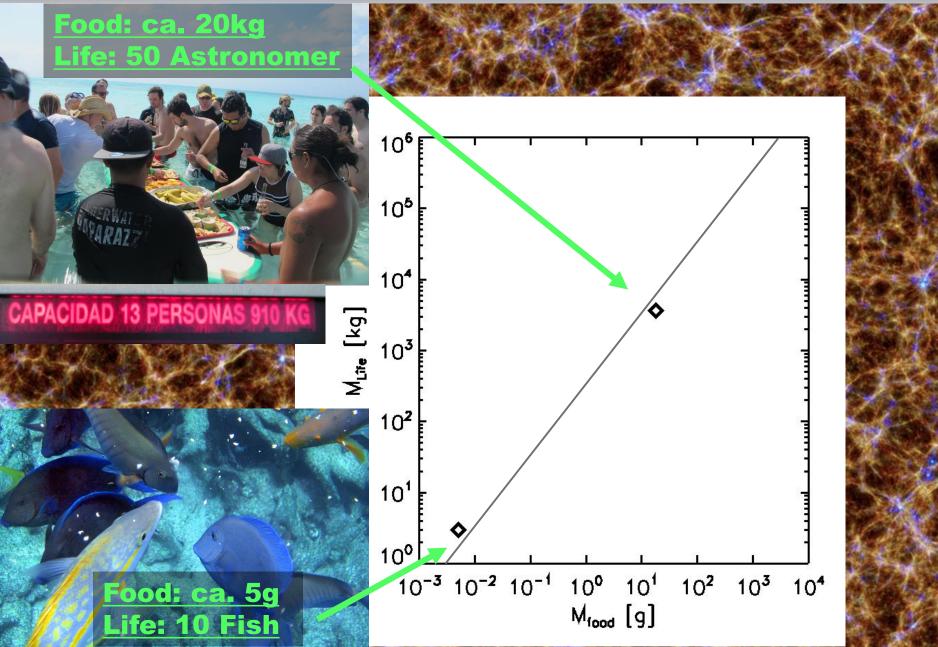


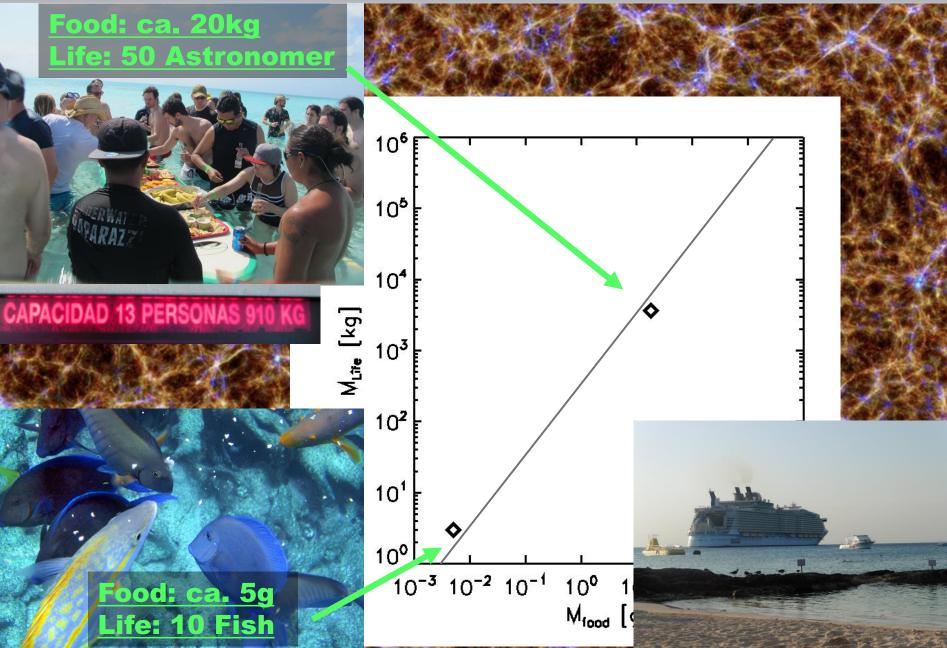










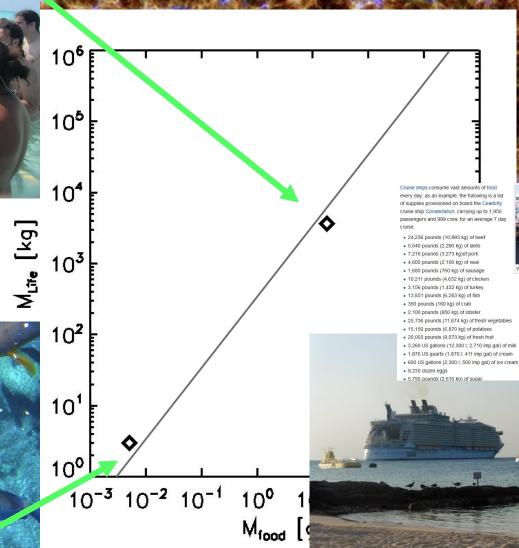


<u>Food: ca. 20kg</u> Life: 50 Astronomer



CAPACIDAD 13 PERSONAS 9

Food: ca. 5g Life: 10 Fish



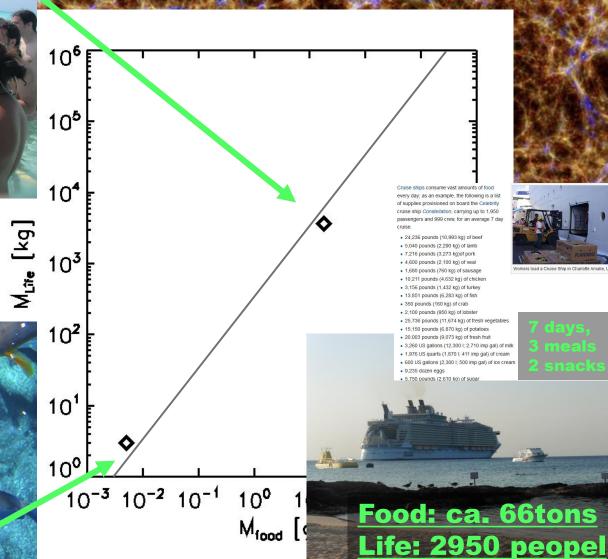
ers load a Cruise Ship in Charlotte A

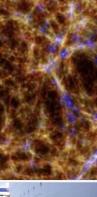
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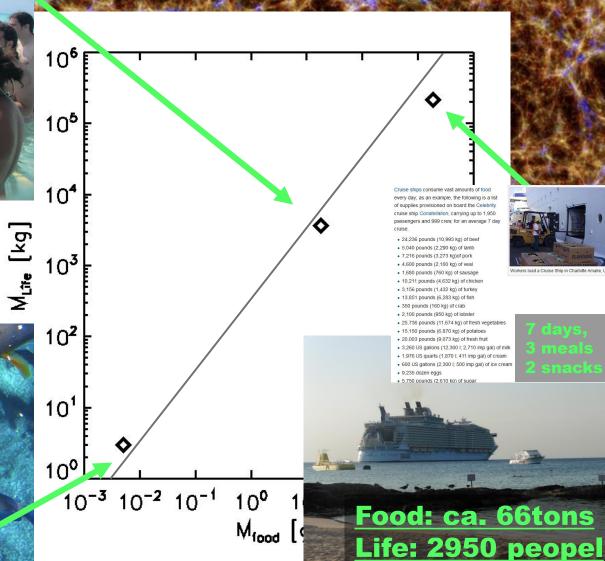
rs load a Cruise Ship in Charlotte Amali

Food: ca. 20kg fe: 50 Astronomer



CAPACIDAD 13 PERSONAS

Food: ca. 5g Life: 10 Fish





rs load a Cruise Ship in Charlotte Amali

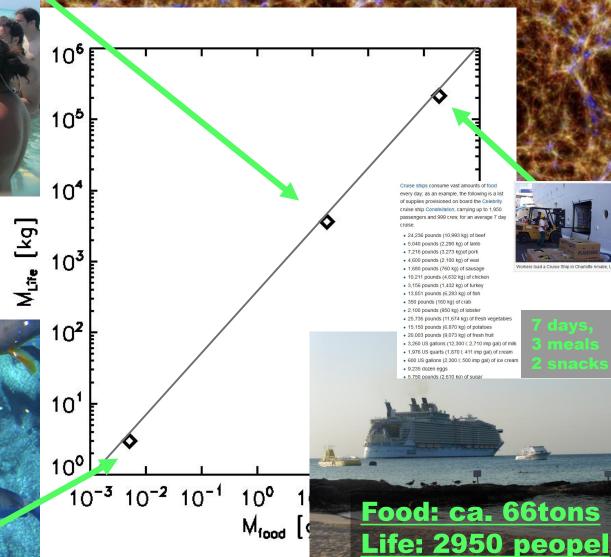


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CAPACIDAD 13 PERSONAS

Food: ca. 5g Life: 10 Fish



rs load a Cruise Ship in Charlotte Amali

10⁶

105

<u>Food: ca. 20kg</u> Life: 50 Astronomer



CAPACIDAD 13 PERSONAS

Food: ca. 5g Life: 10 Fish

10⁴ М_{üře} [kg] 10^{3} 10² 10¹ 10⁰ 10⁻³ 10⁻² 10⁻¹ 10⁰ M_{food} [

Do fundamental scaling relations help to understand galaxy formation physics ?

Cruise ships consume vast amounts of food every day; as an example, the following is a list of supplies provisioned on board the Celebrity cruise ship Constellation, carrying up to 1,950 passengers and 999 crew, for an average 7 day cruise.

- 24,236 pounds (10,993 kg) of beef
 5,040 pounds (2,290 kg) of lamb
 7,216 pounds (3,273 kg)of pork
- 4,600 pounds (2,100 kg) of veal
- 1,680 pounds (760 kg) of sausage
- 10,211 pounds (4,632 kg) of chicken
 3,156 pounds (1,432 kg) of turkey
- 3,156 pounds (1,432 kg) of furker
 13,851 pounds (6,283 kg) of fish
- 350 pounds (160 kg) of crab
- 2,100 pounds (950 kg) of lobster
 25,736 pounds (11,674 kg) of fresh vegetables

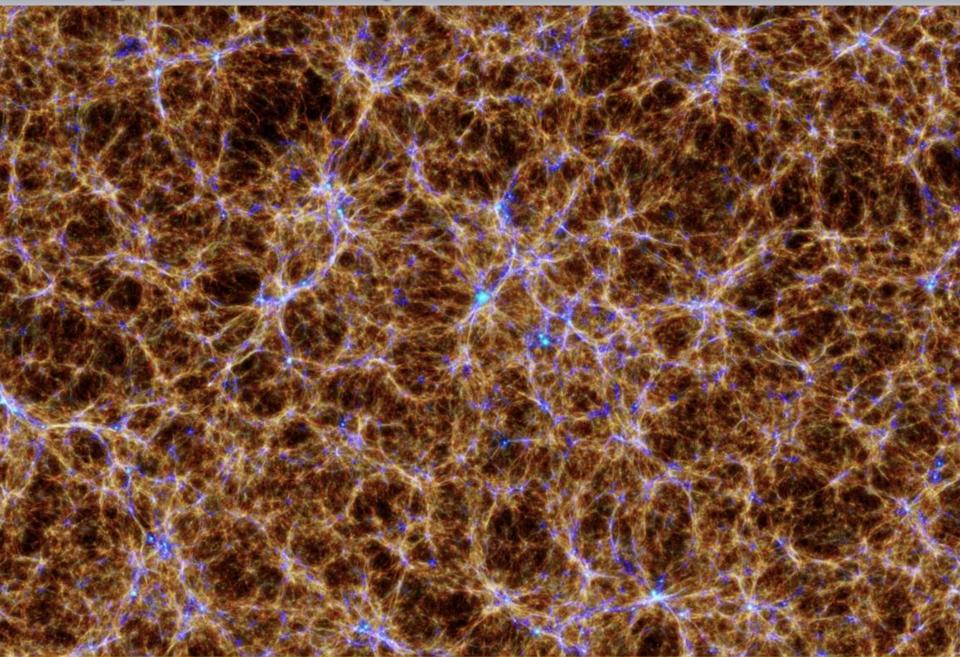
15,150 pounds (6,870 kg) of potatoes

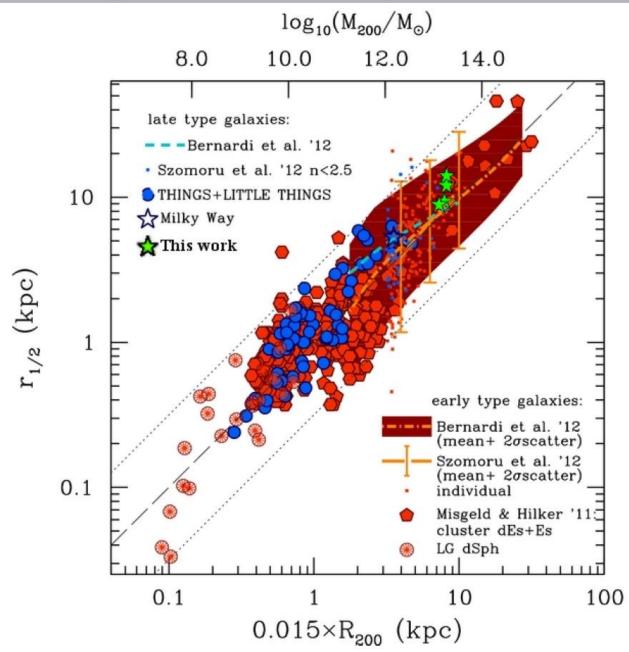
20,003 pounds (9,073 kg) of fresh fruit
3,260 US gallons (12,300 l; 2,710 imp gal) of milk

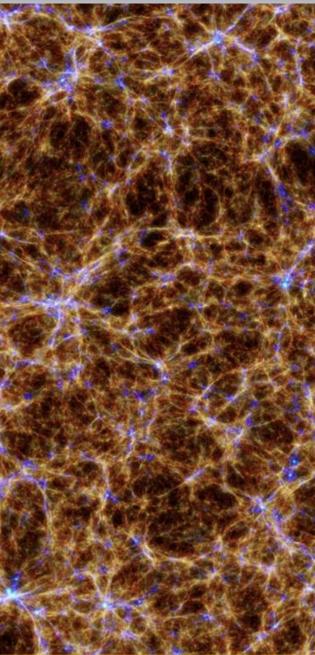
• 1,976 US quarts (1,870 I; 411 imp gal) of cream

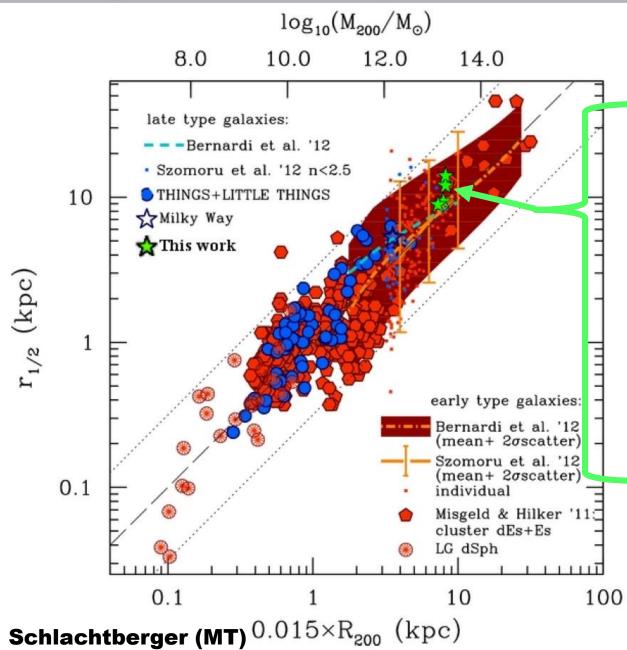
600 US gallons (2,300 l; 500 imp gal) of ice cream
9,235 dozen eggs
5,750 pounds (2,610 kg) of sugar











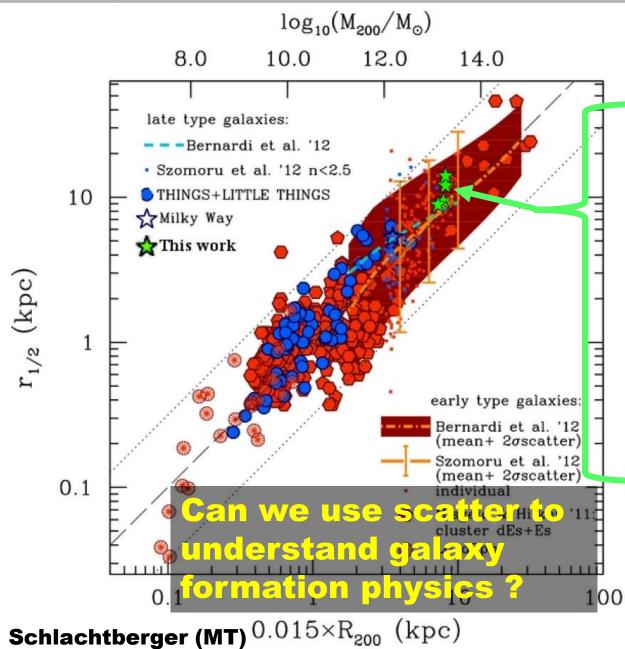
Zoom-in Simulations of 4 isolated ETGs:

one forms by major merger of two LTGs

one forms by major merger of two ETGs

one is already an ETG at high redshift and grows through smooth accretion

One forms through multiple minor merger events



Zoom-in Simulations of 4 isolated ETGs:

one forms by major merger of two LTGs

one forms by major merger of two ETGs

one is already an ETG at high redshift and grows through smooth accretion

One forms through multiple minor merger events

Chapter I: Do simple models help ?

Does understanding equilibrium states mean understanding galaxy formation ?

Chapter II: Galaxies are not numbers !

Do fundamental scaling relations help to understand galaxy formation physics ?

Chapter III: Physics is in the scatter ?

Can we use scatter to understand galaxy formation physics ?

Schlachtberger (MT)