

The angular momentum of hot coronae around spiral galaxies

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Cozumel, 15 April 2016

Baryon “budget” of spiral galaxies



(Easily) visible matter
Stars + cold gas
~ 30% of (expected) baryons

Dutton et al. (2010)
Papastergis et al. (2012)

70 % baryons
“missing”!

Maybe in hot diffuse gas?

Galactic coronae

LARGE reservoirs of HOT gas

**$R \sim R_{\text{vir}}$
 $\sim 200 \text{ kpc}$**

**$T \sim T_{\text{vir}}$
 $\sim 10^6 \text{ K}$**

CORONA

Fuel for galaxy growth!

THEORY:

**Relics of
galaxy
formation**

Fukugita &
Peebles (2006)

OBSERVATIONS

**Detected
X-ray
emission!**

Anderson &
Bregman (2011)
Bogdan et al. (2013)

**Gradual accretion
of metal-poor gas:**

As needed by galaxy evolution!

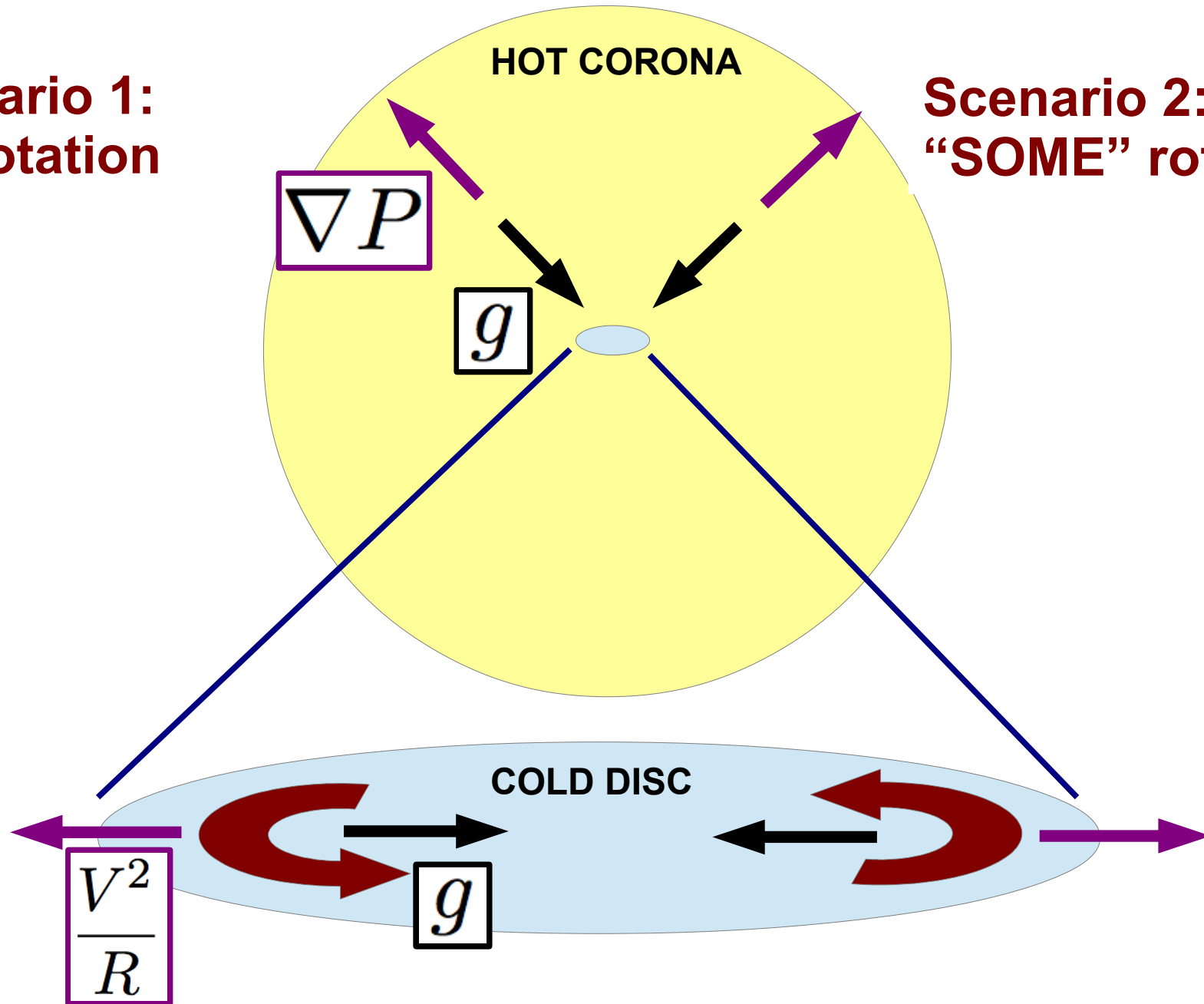
Cfr. Mary Putman's talk!



Rotation of galactic coronae

**Scenario 1:
NO rotation**

**Scenario 2:
"SOME" rotation**



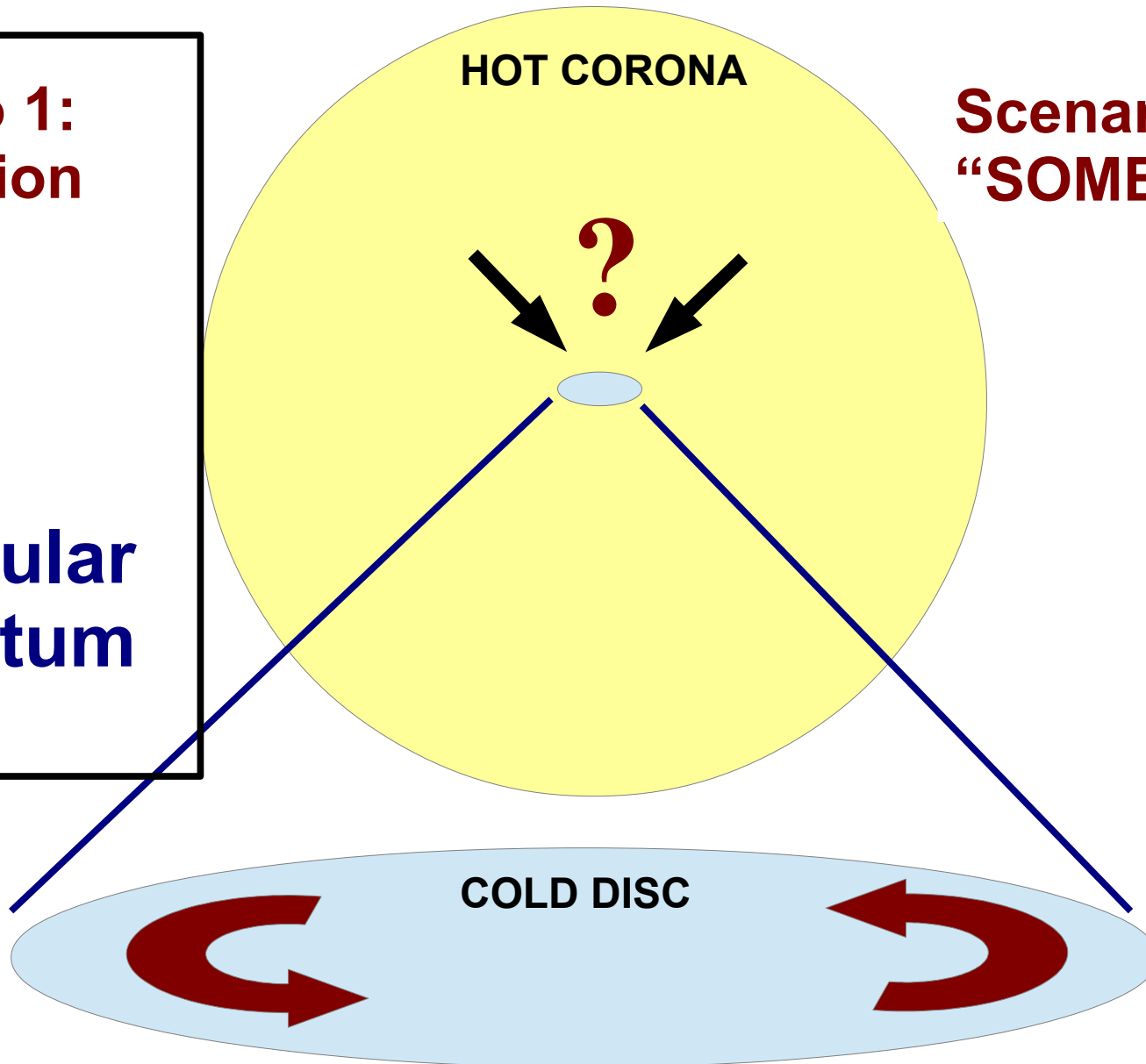
Rotation of galactic coronae

**Scenario 1:
NO rotation**

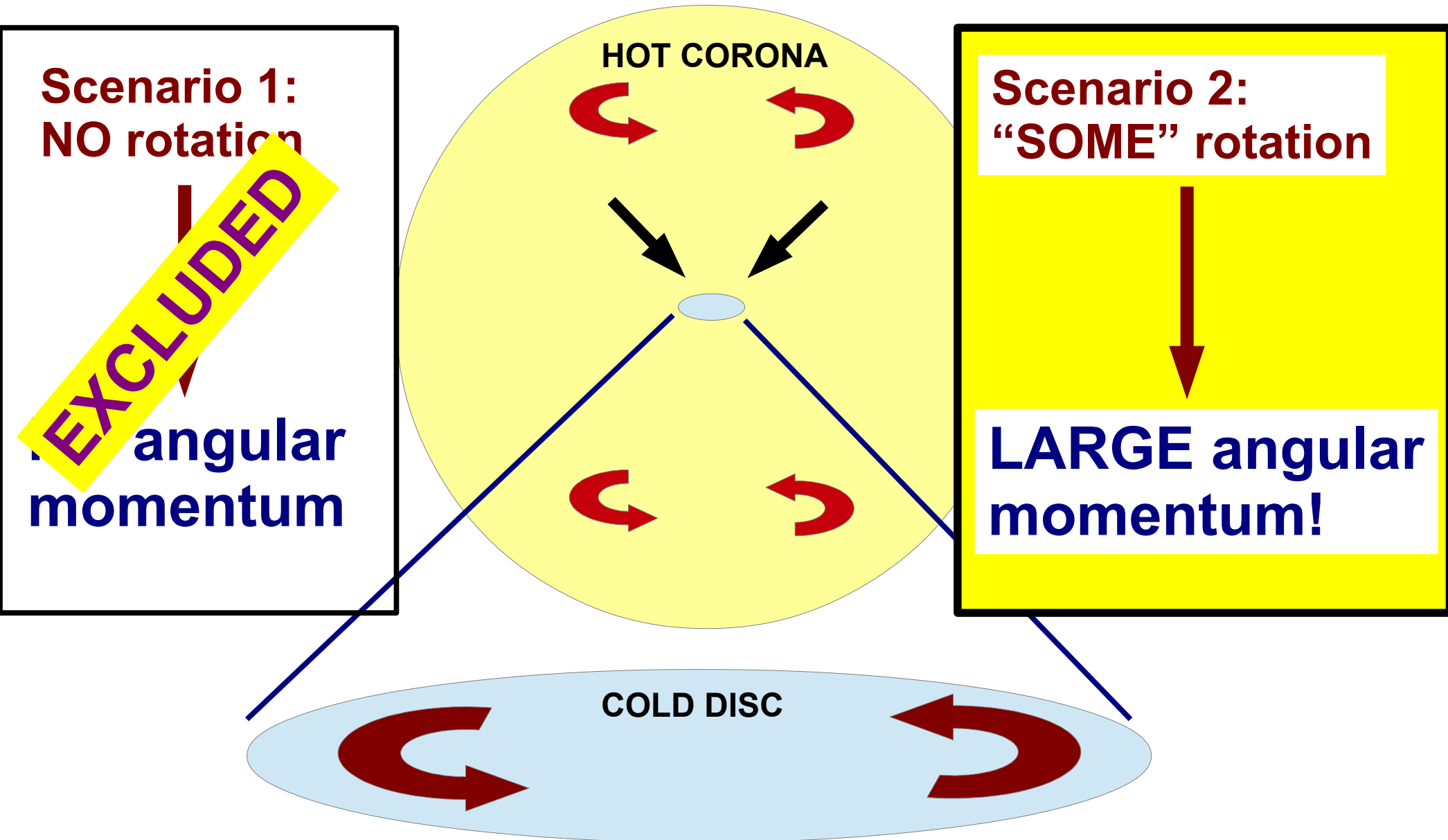


**NO angular
momentum**

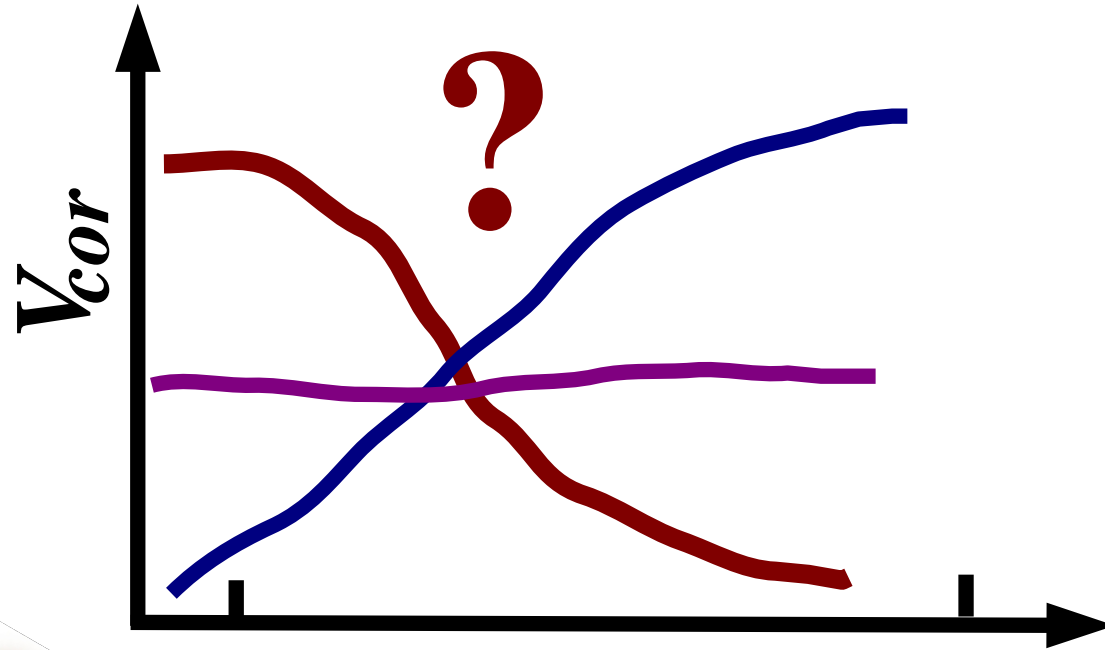
**Scenario 2:
“SOME” rotation**



Rotation of galactic coronae



HOW does the corona rotate?



R_{disc}

Radius

R_{vir}

1. Small scales

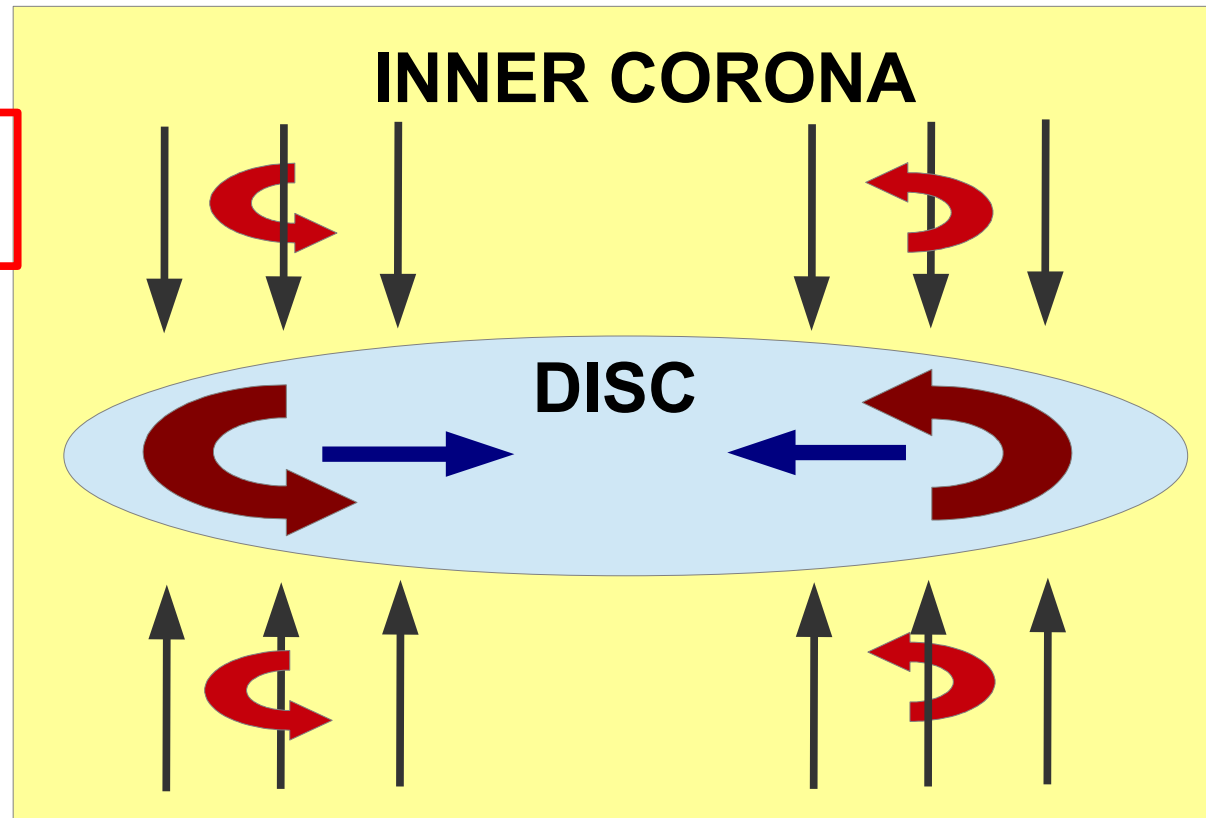
Interaction with the disc
Galaxy evolution

2. Large scales

Structure formation
Cosmology

Coronal rotation and galaxy dynamics

$$V_{cor} < V_{disc}$$



**ANGULAR MOMENTUM
CONSERVATION**

RADIAL GAS FLOWS
 $\sim 1 \text{ km/s} = 1 \text{ kpc/Gyr}$

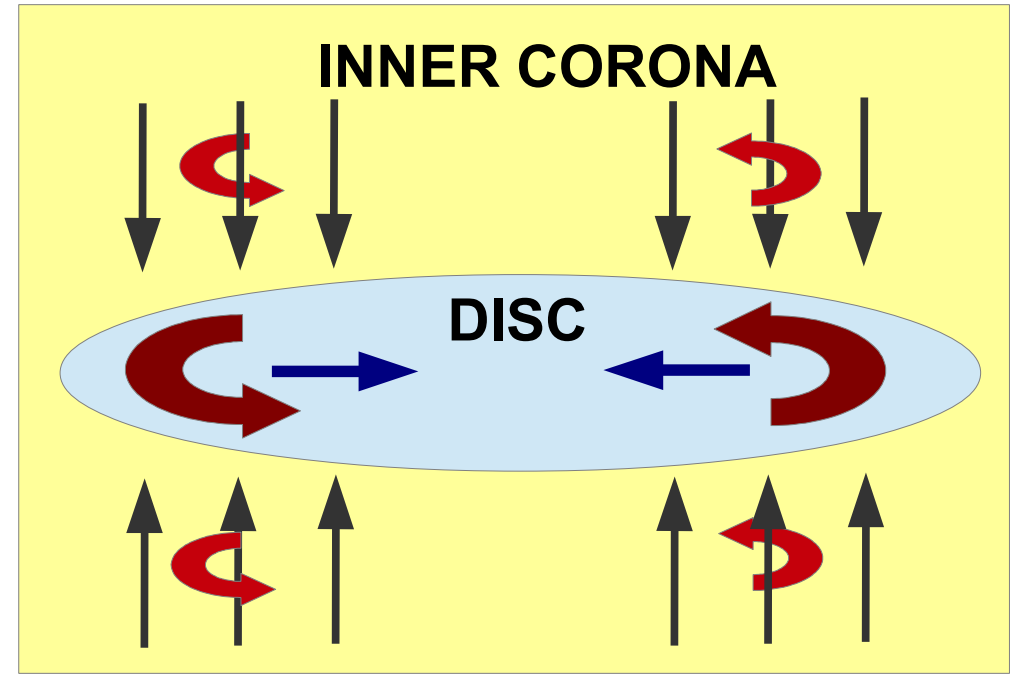
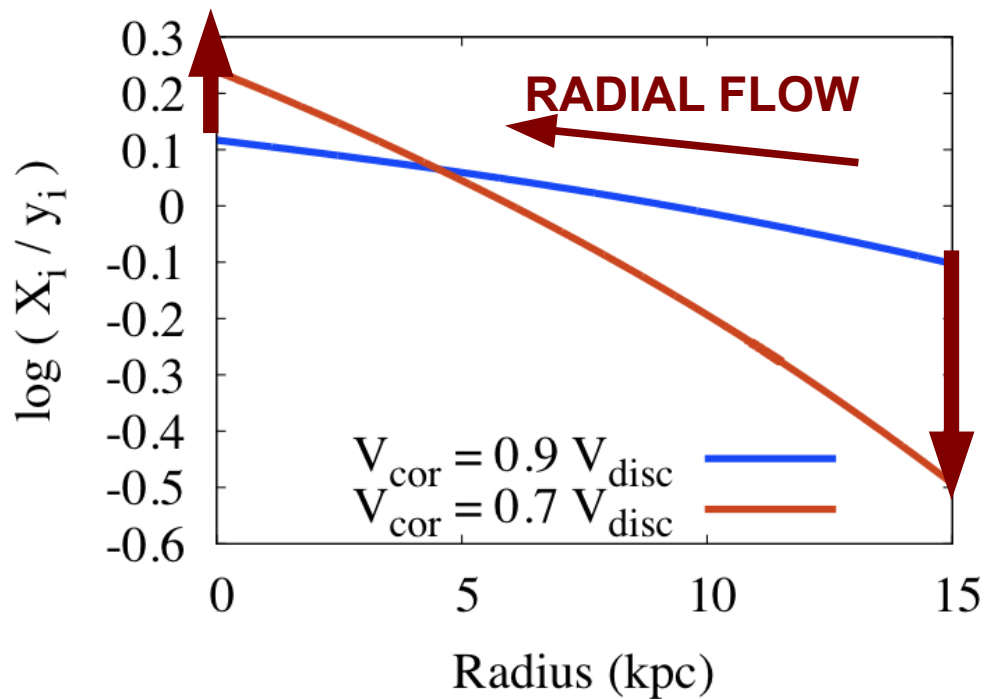
Cfr. Brad Gibson's talk this morning!

Mayor & Vigroux 1981; Pitts & Tayler 1989;
Bilitewski & Schönrich 2012; Pezzulli & Fraternali 2016

Coronal rotation and chemical evolution

Pezzulli & Fraternali (2016)

ABUNDANCE GRADIENT



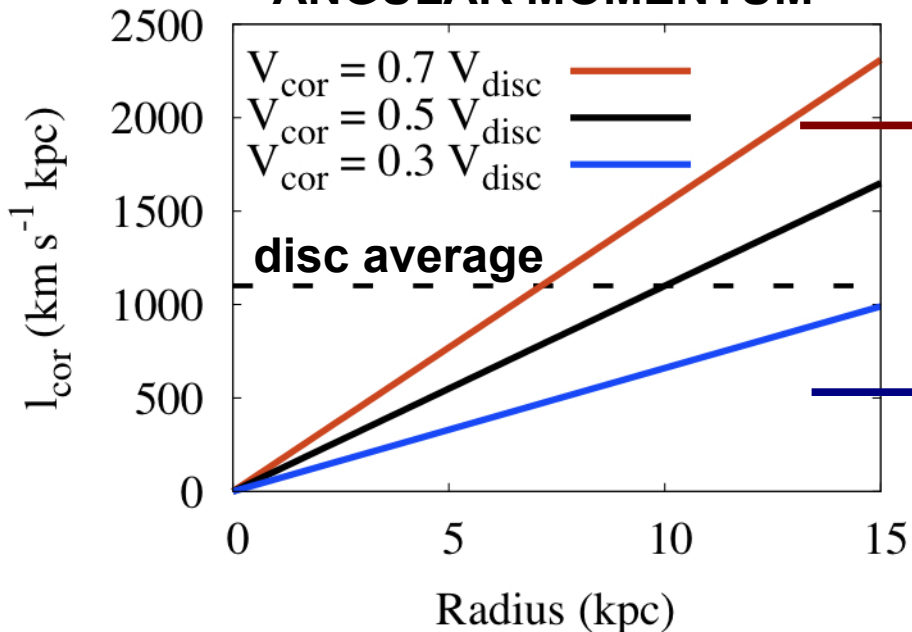
Abundance **gradients**
sensitive **probes** of
rotation of the inner corona

For the MILKY WAY:

$V_{\text{cor}} \sim (70 - 80) \% V_{\text{disc}}$
 \sim **170 km/s**
close to the disc

Coronal rotation and inside-out growth

ANGULAR MOMENTUM



Large V
Large AM

Inside-out
growth!

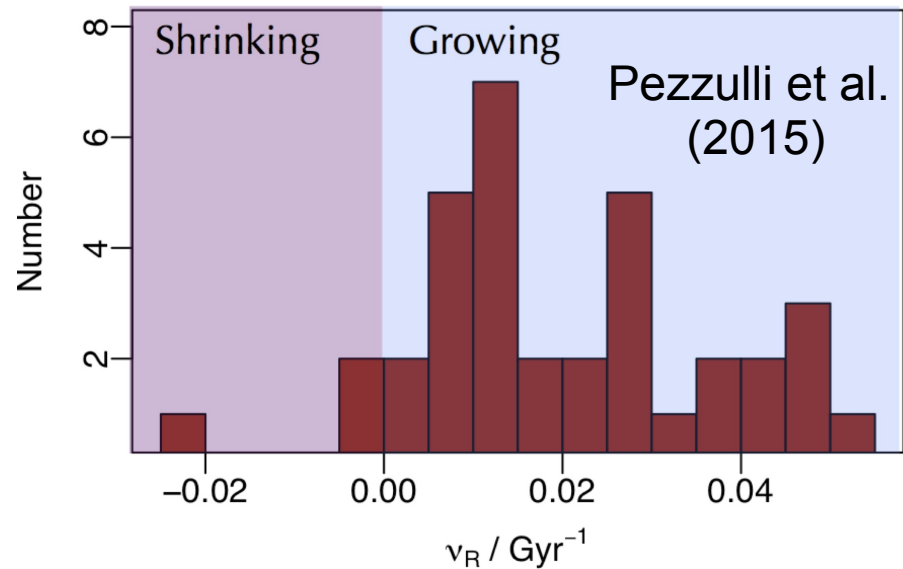
Small V
Small AM

The disc would
shrink...

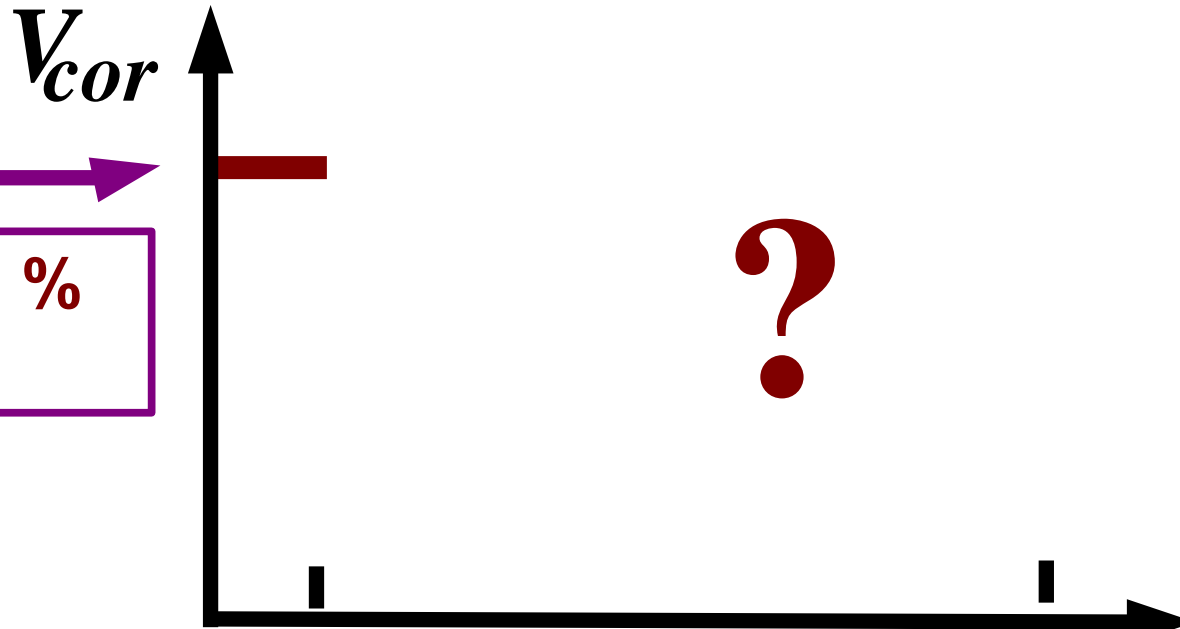
Most spirals are growing

Muñoz-Mateos et al. (2011)
Simard et al. (2005)

**Must accrete
angular-momentum-rich
coronal gas**



Reconstructing coronal rotation



(70 – 80) %
 V_{disc}

?

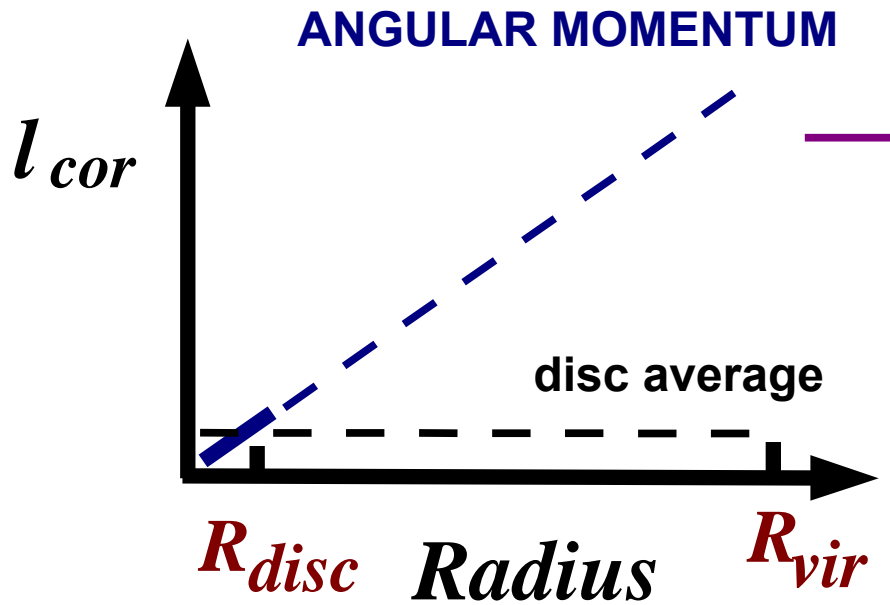
R_{disc} *Radius*

R_{vir}

1. Small scales
Interaction with the disc
Galaxy evolution

2. Large scales
Structure formation
Cosmology

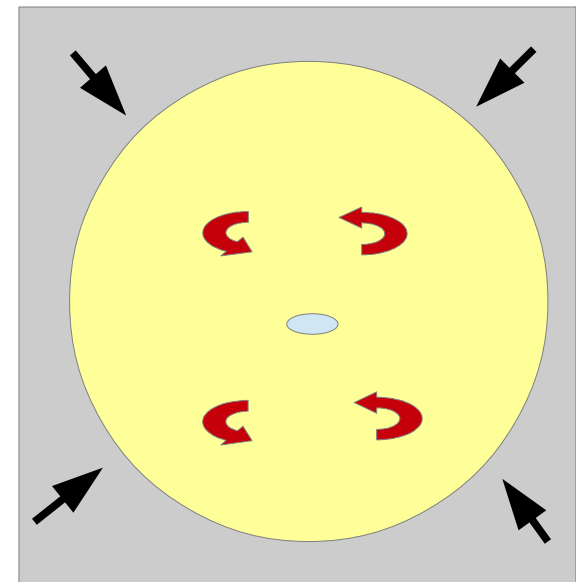
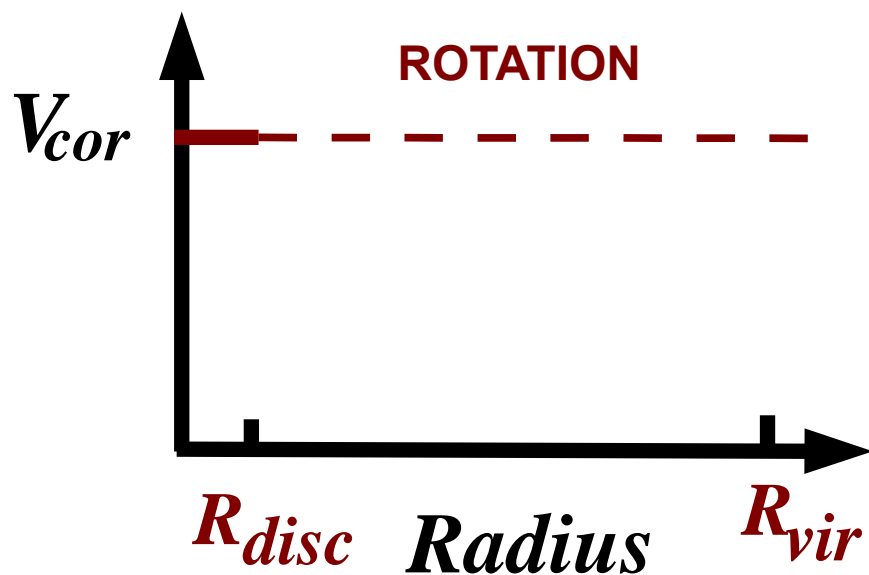
Coronal rotation and cosmology



Very large angular momentum!

$$\lambda \sim 0.3$$

Incompatible with cosmology!



Tidal torque theory

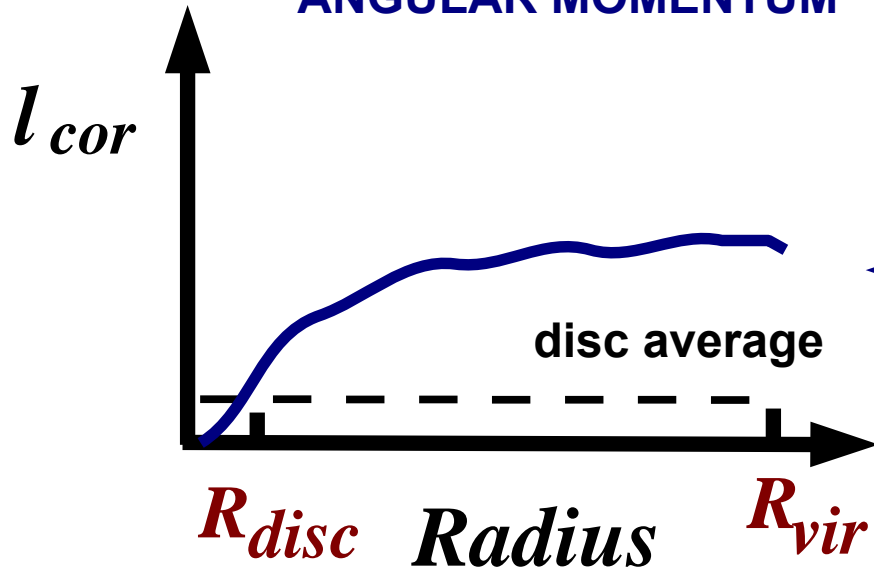
Peebles (1969)

Porciani et al. (2002)

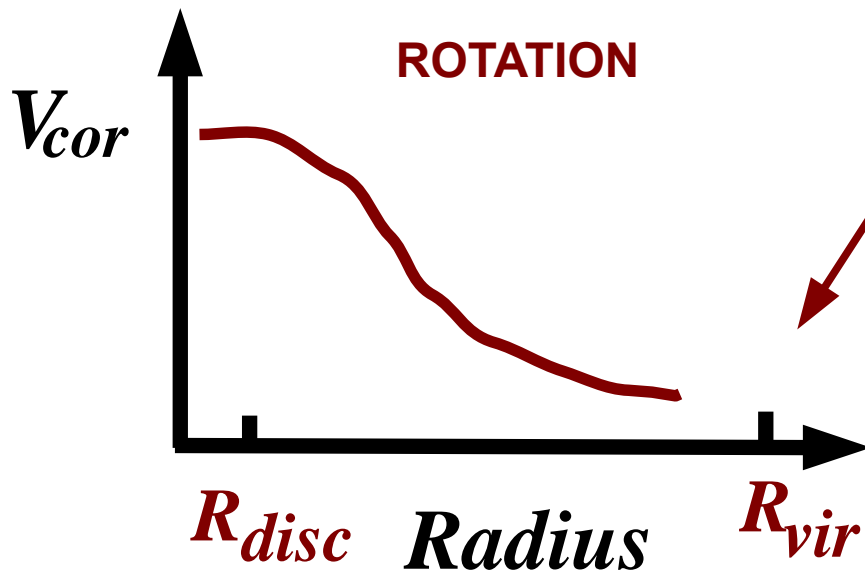
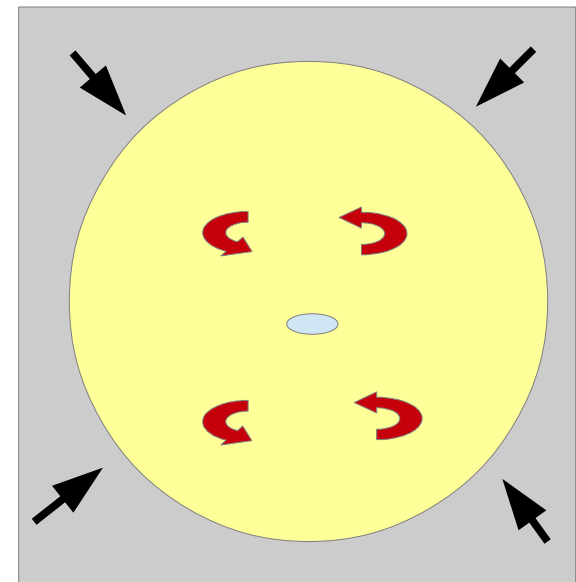
$$\lambda \sim 0.04$$

Coronal rotation and cosmology

ANGULAR MOMENTUM



To match comological constraints



Tidal torque theory

Peebles (1969)

Porciani et al. (2002)

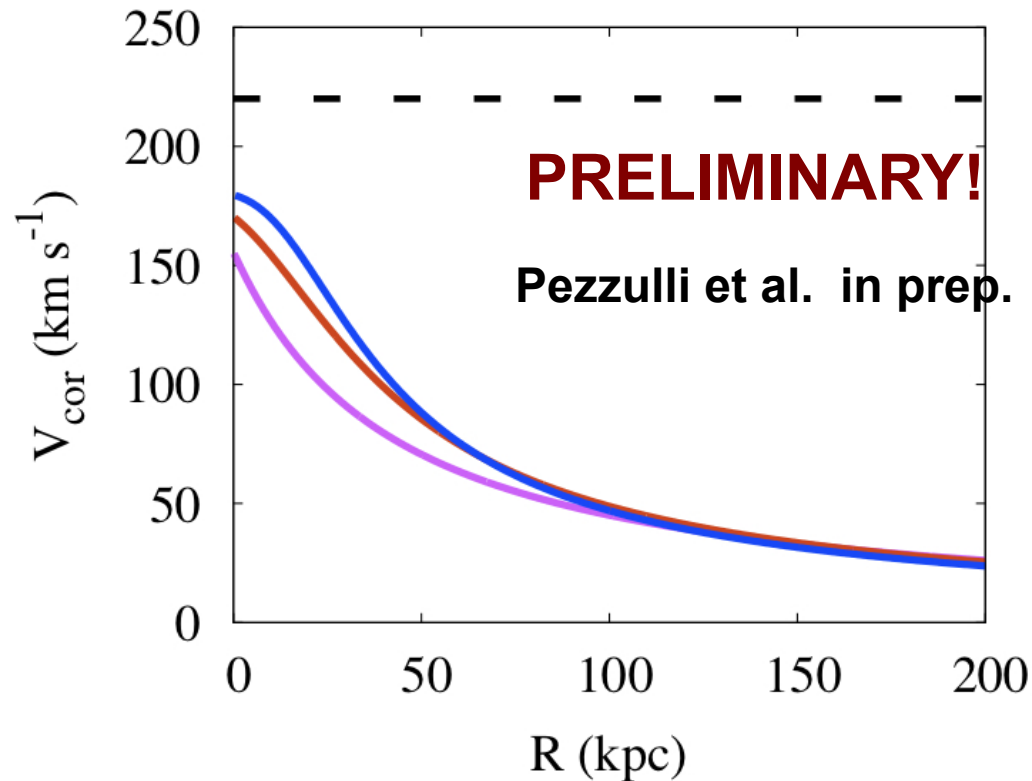
$\lambda \sim 0.04$

Coronal rotation and cosmology

$$\mathbf{g} + \frac{1}{\rho} \nabla P + \frac{l^2}{R^3} \mathbf{e}_R = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{Rotating equilibrium}$$

$$\frac{dM}{dl} = \psi(l) \quad \leftarrow \text{Angular momentum distribution}$$

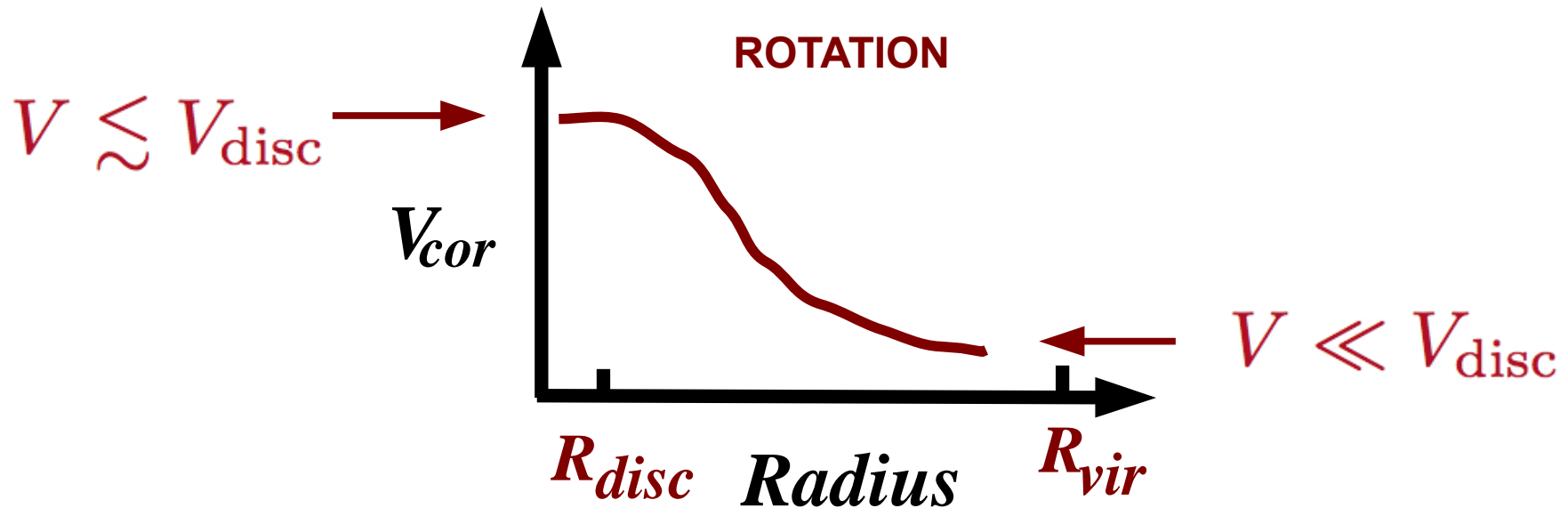
Bullock et al. (2001);
Sharma & Steinmetz (2005)



Summary

Hot coronae around spiral galaxies...

- have significant angular momentum
- feed the inside-out growth of discs
 - impact abundance gradients
 - should rotate like this:



~ THANK YOU! ~